

外国語（英語）

<問題冊子>

令和5年度大学入学者選抜
（一般選抜 B 日程）

B 日程 受験番号	B
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注意

1. 試験開始まで開かないこと。
2. 問題冊子は表紙を含めて6枚。
3. 問題冊子と解答用紙は別になっている。解答はすべて解答用紙の指定された場所に記入すること。
4. 受験番号を表紙に記入すること。
なお、大学入学共通テスト利用選抜2期と併願の受験生は、一般選抜 B 日程の受験番号を記入すること。
5. 問題冊子は切り離さないこと。
6. **問題冊子は持ち帰ること。**

一般選抜 B 日程 問題用紙 <英語> (5 - 1)

1 次の英文を読み、各問に答えなさい。

A new WHO report shows that close to 7 million deaths could be prevented by 2030 if low-and lower-middle-income countries were to make an additional investment of less than a dollar per person per year in the *prevention and treatment of *noncommunicable diseases (NCDs).

NCDs – including heart disease, *diabetes, cancer and *respiratory disease – currently cause 7 out of every 10 deaths, around the world.

Yet their impact (①) lower income countries is often *underestimated, despite the fact that 85% of *premature deaths ((②) ages 30–69) from NCDs occur in low-and middle-income countries, making them a huge health and *socioeconomic burden.

The *vast majority of those deaths can be prevented using WHO’s tried and tested NCD (a) Best Buy interventions. These include cost effective measures to reduce tobacco use and *harmful use of alcohol, improve diets, increase physical activity, reduce risks from *cardiovascular diseases and diabetes, and prevent *cervical cancer.

(b) [reduces, people, costs, keeping, health, healthy], increases productivity and leads to longer and healthier lives.

Saving lives, spending less: the case for investing in noncommunicable diseases focuses on 76 low-and lower-middle-income countries. The report explains the NCD Best Buys and shows (③) every dollar invested in scaling up Best Buy actions in these countries could generate a return of up to US\$ 7 – potentially US\$ 230 billion by 2030.

“With the right *strategic investments, countries that *bear a significant amount of the NCD burden can change their disease *trajectory and deliver significant health and economic gains for their citizens,” says WHO Director-General Dr Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus. “In a world filled (④) uncertainty, one thing we can be certain of is that without action, NCDs will continue to be a significant threat to global health. (c) Investing in these evidence-based policies is an investment in a healthy future.”

The report *emphasizes the urgency of investing in NCD prevention and management given that the COVID-19 pandemic has highlighted how many of these diseases can *worsen outcomes for COVID-19.

By investing in the 16 recommended Best Buy policies, (a) countries will not only protect people from NCDs, but also reduce the impact of infectious diseases like COVID-19 in the future.

一般選抜 B 日程 問題用紙 <英語> (5-2)

[注] *prevention 予防 *noncommunicable diseases (NCDs) 非感染症疾患 *diabetes 糖尿病
*respiratory disease 呼吸器疾患 *underestimate 過小評価する *premature 早期の
*socioeconomic burden 社会経済的負担 *vast majority 大多数 *harmful 有害な
*cardiovascular diseases 心臓血管疾患 *cervical cancer 子宮頸がん *strategic 戦略的な
*bear 負担する *trajectory 軌道 *emphasizes 強調する *worsen 悪化する

問1 文中の (①) ~ (④) に当てはまる最も適切な語を、それぞれ (ア)~(エ) の中から1つずつ選び記号で答えなさい。

- ① (ア) in (イ) on (ウ) with (エ) from
② (ア) between (イ) at (ウ) for (エ) during
③ (ア) which (イ) how (ウ) what (エ) when
④ (ア) in (イ) on (ウ) up (エ) with

問2 下線部(a) の Best Buy の意味に最も近い単語を、次の①~④の中から一つ選び番号で答えなさい。

- ① reasonable ② innovative ③ skeptical ④ legal

問3 下線部(b) を下のように和訳するとき、[]内の語を適切に並べ替えなさい。ただし、文頭に来る文字も小文字としている。

「人々の健康を維持することは医療費を削減する」

問4 下線部(c)を和訳しなさい。

問5 下線部(d)を和訳しなさい。ただし、NCDs, COVID-19 はそのまま示しなさい。

問6 本文の内容に合っているものを、次の (ア)~(オ) の中から一つ選び記号で答えなさい。

- (ア) 低中所得国では非感染性疾患により、10人中7人の死亡原因となっている。
(イ) 非感染性疾患による早期死亡の影響は、低所得国に対して過小評価されている。
(ウ) WHO はすべての中低所得国に対して自国への投資を呼びかけている。
(エ) 非感染症疾患は COVID-19 の流行によって目立たなくなっている。
(オ) 投資策による1ドルの投資は確実に2300億ドルの利益を生み出す。

一般選抜B日程 問題用紙 <英語> (5-3)

2 次の文章中の空所 ① ～ ⑤ に当てはまる最も適切な語句を、それぞれ(ア)～(オ)の中から1つずつ選び記号で答えなさい。ただし、すべて異なったものが入る。

*The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), an expert body of the United Nations, has released a report on the impact of global warming. The report points out that higher temperatures increase climate *extremes, leading to “some *irreversible impacts as ① systems are pushed beyond their ability to adapt.”

The IPCC’s past reports have only said that climate change has been affecting nature and human beings. However, by making stronger statements this time, the report can be said to have sent a warning to ② that the damage will expand unless effective actions are taken.

The report compiles the latest scientific findings by 270 experts from 67 countries, referring to 34,000 academic papers and ③. It is important to proceed with policy discussions based on such solid ④.

When temperatures rise, the *habitats of organisms change. Changes in the distribution of animals and plants in North America, Europe and *elsewhere have been observed. The report says ⑤ is highly likely to be the cause.

Countries around the world are experiencing *phenomena such as water shortages due to *drought, poor *crop growth and natural disasters. In Asia, heat waves and floods are on the rise, the report says. This trend can also be seen in recent events in Japan.

(<https://the-japan-news.com/news/article/0008322793>)

〔注〕 *The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) 気候変動に関する政府間パネル

*extreme 極端 *irreversible 不可逆的な *habitat 生息地 *elsewhere 他の地域で

*phenomena 現象 *drought 干ばつ *crop 作物

- (ア) scientific grounds
- (イ) global warming
- (ウ) other materials
- (エ) natural and human
- (オ) the international community

一般選抜B日程 問題用紙 <英語> (5-4)

3 次の英文を指示された英文に書き換えなさい。

(ア) Nobody seems to know how to solve her problems. (It を文頭にして)

(イ) What do you call this tasty dish in English? (受動態にして)

4 次の日本語の意味になるように、英文の()に当てはまるものを、それぞれ(ア)～(エ)の中から1つずつ選び記号で答えなさい。

問1 今月末をもって、35年間あの会社に勤めたことになります。

As of the end of this month, I () for that company for 35 years.

(ア) has worked

(イ) will be worked

(ウ) was worked

(エ) will have worked

問2 父は今買い物に出たところなので、1時間ほどで戻ってくるはずです。

My father just left to go shopping and () in an hour or so.

(ア) is back

(イ) will be back

(ウ) should be back

(エ) would be back

問3 理由はどうあれ、彼女は留学することになっている。

Whatever the reason is, she () study overseas.

(ア) is go to

(イ) is going to

(ウ) will go to

(エ) would be going to

問4 山深い田舎出身の私は、このような虫にも慣れています。

() from a mountainous countryside, I am used to such insects.

(ア) To come

(イ) Came

(ウ) Coming

(エ) I come

問5 弱点のない人はいないんじゃないかな。

I don't think there is no one () has weaknesses.

(ア) who

(イ) that

(ウ) than

(エ) but

一般選抜 B 日程 問題用紙 <英語> (5 - 5)

5 次の英文の下線部(ア)～(エ)のうち、間違いのあるものを1つずつ記号で答えなさい。

問 1 The owner of the grocery store (ア)goes to abroad (イ)on business (ウ)at least
(エ)once a month.

問 2 It is always difficult (ア)for me (イ)to (ウ)live up the expectations (エ)of my friends.

問 3 Tom apologized (ア)to the members (イ)to (ウ)being late (エ)for the club activities.

問 4 (ア)Some people in the world don't (イ)even have food(ウ)to eat, (エ)are they?

問 5 She had four very (ア)talented sons, two (イ)of (ウ)which (エ)died in the last war.